

THE JUDGMENT SEAT OF CHRIST Pt.1
(Answering Some Key Questions)

1. Though eternal life is a free _____ of God's grace through _____ alone in _____ alone (Romans 5:15-18, 6:23, Ephesians 2:8-9), does God offer believers also the possibility of obtaining a _____ in heaven? _____!

* *Who* teaches about obtaining *rewards* in the New Testament?

a. The _____ (Mt 5:10-12)

b. The _____ (1 Cor. 9:24-26)

c. The _____ (2 John 8)

d. The writer to the _____ (11:24-26)

e. Pastor _____ (1:12)

f. The _____ (1 Pt 5:1-4)

- The Scofield footnote in 1 Corinthians 3

2. What is meant by “*the Judgment Seat of Christ*”? (2 Corinthians 5:10 & Romans 14:10)

- Let's distinguish between the Greek words “*kriterion*” and “*bema*”

3. Who are the *subjects* of evaluation at the Bema Seat?

a. No _____ are evaluated here. (2 Corinthians 5:8)

- What & when is their final judgment? (Rev. 20:11-15)

b. Church age _____ in Christ only (2 Corinthians 5:8-10)

- Will there be any exceptions? (5:8-10)

4. *When will the Judgment Seat of Christ happen?*

- A *principle* to remember: _____ and _____ go together (Luke 14:14)

a. It will occur _____ the _____ of church age saints at the coming of Christ (1 Thessalonians 4:16-17)

b. It will occur _____ the _____ (Revelation 19:7-8)

5. *What is the purpose of the Judgment Seat of Christ?*

a. It is to determine whether a believer in Christ receives a _____ from God based upon the *quality* of one's _____ after trusting Christ as Savior (1 Corinthians 3:11-15)

- Will the believer's sins be an issue at the bema?

b. It is not to determine or deny one's _____ (1 Corinthians 3:15)

- What does all this mean to you?