

THE DISPENSATION OF PROMISE

Review:

I. Innocence

II. Conscience

III. Human Government

IV. The Dispensation of Promise

- The time period of the Dispensation of Promise is from the call of _____ to the giving of the _____ on Mt Sinai, from _____.
- Since all the nations were unresponsive to God's truth, God decides to call _____ man & make a completely new _____ that will fulfill His will by means of a divine _____!

1. The particular **Ruling Factor**: (Gen. 12:1-3)

- Here is a call to _____ & _____ that would have to be based only on _____.

2. The **New Responsibility**:

3. The **New Revelation**: _____ (Gen 12:1-3)

- God went to great lengths in Gen. 17, to *remind* Abraham of his promises!
 - a. God changed Abram's name to Abraham, which means a father of a multitude—reminding him that He would have _____ descendants & that God _____!
 - b. God gave Abraham the sign of the covenant on his person. He had him put it on something that he would _____ every day, reminding him that through _____ union with his own _____, he would have this promised son.
 - c. God changed Sari's name to Sarah along with direct _____ concerning this promised _____ by her, and that she shall be the mother of _____, & that _____ of people shall come from her.
- Did God give these promises to Isaac? (Gen 26:1-5)
- Did God pass on these promises to Jacob? (Gen 28:10-15)

- What does all this say to us?

4. **Man's test:**

- So where did they go wrong & fail in this dispensation?

5. **God's Judgment:**

- What do we need to see here? (Exodus 6:1-8)

- What does all this mean to you?